

THE HUNGARIAN REVOLUTION ✓

Description of the picture according to scenes.

- 1st:- Before the Parliament Building in Budapest tens of thousands of people await the proclamation of the Republic.
- 2nd:- Revolutionary soldiers assemble in the barracks ready to take up the fight for liberty.
- 3rd:- In front of the barracks machine guns are placed.
- 4th:- Revolutionary soldiers in automobiles rush through the streets of Budapest.
- 5th:- "Hurrah for the Republic!" This is the watchword of revolutionary Budapest.
- 6th:- Orators proclaim the dawn of liberty.
- 7th:- In the principal streets of the city speakers address the people from the balconies of the houses.
Revolutionary soldiers place machine guns on the housetops.
- 8th:- The rainy weather does not dampen the enthusiasm of the revolutionary crowds.
- 9th:- Count Karolyi, and Louis Halasz, Chief of the Government Press Bureau, leaving the Astoria Hotel, headquarters for the Revolutionary Committee.
- 10th:- After the triumphant revolution Hungary lays down arms.
Demobilized soldiers and sailors return home by way of the Danube.
- 11th:- Thousands of demobilized soldiers arrive in Budapest by train. So great is the rush of soldiers that at the risk of their lives, hundreds make the trip riding on top of coaches and locomotives.
- 12th:- In front of the Parliament Building revolutionary soldiers assemble to swear allegiance to the new government. Before the ceremony commences a military band plays the Hungarian National Anthem.
- 13th:- Soldiers and sailors taking the oath of allegiance.
- 14th:- Bela Linder, the first Revolutionary Minister of War, addresses the soldiers.
- 15th:- While the National Council assembled in the Parliament Building decides upon the new form of government for Hungary, the large crowd in front of the building is addressed by many speakers.

- 16th:- Minister Oszkar Jaszi invites the various nationalities of Hungary to make peace with the Magyar people.
- 17th:- Count Karolyi, the leader of the revolution, proclaims to the assembled multitude the Republic of Hungary.
- 18th:- John Heck, President of the National Council, congratulates in his speech, the liberated people of Hungary.
- 19th:- Ernest Garami, the Socialist Minister of Commerce, glorifies the results of the revolution.
- 20th:- After having witnessed the historical events, the multitude disperses.

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